



Supersedes: 26/08/2022 Revision: 1.3 Revision date: 12/12/2023

#### **SECTION 1: Identification**

### 1.1 Identification

Product form : Substance

Substance name : Crotonaldehyde

CAS No : 4170-30-3

EC/ List No : 224-030-0

Formula : C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>6</sub>O

Molecular weight : 70.09 g/mol

Synonyms : 2-Butenal. Crotylaldehyde, Crotonal, (E)-but-2-enal

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Chemical intermediate

Rubber industry, Leather tanning

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Godavari Biorefineries Ltd. 45/47, Somaiya bhavan, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Mumbai -400001, INDIA.

T 0091 22 22048272 Email: <u>alka@somaiya.com</u> <u>www.somaiya.com</u>

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone Number

- : 0091 2423 279308

Emergency number 0091 22 22048272 (Monday – Friday - 09.30 hrs to 18.00 hrs)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification**

#### **GHS** classification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

H225
H301
H310
Flammable liquid, Category 2
Acute toxicity, Category 3, Oral
H310
Acute toxicity, Category 1, Dermal

H312 : Harmful in contact with skin.
H315 : Skin irritation, Category 2

H318 : Serious eye damage, Category 1

H330 : Acute toxicity, Category 2, Inhalation

H335 : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3

H341 : Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 2

H373 : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2

H400 : Acute aquatic toxicity, Category 1

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16





Supersedes: 26/08/2022 Revision: 1.3 Revision date: 12/12/2023

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Hazard pictograms (GHS)



GHS02



GHS05



GHS08





GHS09

Danger Signal word (GHS)

**Hazard statements (GHS)** 

Highly Flammable liquid and vapor H225

Toxic if swallowed. H301

Fatal in contact with skin. H310

Fatal if inhaled. H330

Causes skin irritation. H315

Causes serious eye damage. H318

Suspected of causing genetic defects H341

May cause respiratory irritation H335

may cause damage to Nose through prolonged or repeated exposure to H373

inhalation

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life

Precautionary statements (GHS)

P264

Obtain special instructions before use P201

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

P301 + P310 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Rinse mouth.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P304 + P340 + P310 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/

physician.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately. call a

POISON CENTER/doctor.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for

extinction.





Revision: 1.3 Revision date: 12/12/2023 Supersedes: 26/08/2022

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification.

#### 2.4 Unknown acute toxicity

Not applicable.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substance

Substance type		Mono-constituent		
Name	Product identifier CAS No EC No Index No	Concentration %	GHS classification	
Crotonaldehyde (Main constituent)	4170-30-3 224-030-0 605-009-00-9	Minimum 99%	Flam. Liq. 2; Acute Tox. 3; Acute Tox. 2; Acute Tox. 3; Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Dam. 1; Muta.2; STOT SE 3; STOT RE 2; Aquatic Acute 1; Aquatic Chronic 1; H225, H301, H330, H310, H315, H318, H341, H335, H373, H400 M-Factor - Aquatic Acute: 10	

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

#### 3.2 Mixture

Not applicable.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Des	scription	of first aid	measures
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4.1 Description of first aid measures		
General information	:	Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital.
Inhalation	:	Remove the victim into fresh air. Immediate ly consult a doctor/medical service.
Skin contact	:	Wash immediately with lots of water (15 minutes)/shower. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents. Remove clothing while washing. Do not remove clothing if it sticks to the skin. Cover wounds with sterile bandage. Consult a do ctor/medical service.
Eye contact	:	Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Do not apply neutralizing agents. Take victim to an ophthalmologist.
Ingestion	:	Rinse mouth with water. Immediately after ingestion: give lots of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Do not give activated charcoal. Immediately consult a doctor/medical service. Ingestion of large quantities: immediately to hospital. Do not give chemical antidote. Doctor: gastric lavage is not recommended

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation Irritation of the respiratory tract and nasal mucous membranes. Coughing. EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Corrosion of the upper respiratory tract. Symptoms/injuries after skin contact Corrosion of the skin.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact Corrosion of the eye tissue. Permanent eye damage.





Supersedes: 26/08/2022 Revision: 1.3 Revision date: 12/12/2023

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Burns to the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Risk of aspiration pneumonia

Chronic symptoms : On continuous / repeated exposure: Red skin. Slight irritation.

Inflammation/damage of the eye tissue. Dry/sore throat. Possible

inflammation of the respiratory tract.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Seek medical assistance.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Polyvalent foam. Alcohol-resistant foam. BC powder. Carbon

dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : No unsuitable extinguishing media known.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : DIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Flammable. Gas/vapor flammable with air within

explosion limits. INDIRECT FIRE HAZARD. May be ignited by sparks

Explosion hazard : DIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. Gas/vapour explosive with air within

explosion limits. INDIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. may be ignited by sparks

Reactivity : On heating: release of corrosive/combustible gases/vapours (acetic acid

vapours). Upon combustion: CO and CO2 are formed. Violent to explosive

reaction with many compounds e.g.: with (strong) oxidizers:

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety location. Do not

move the load if exposed to heat. Dilute toxic gases with water spray. Take account of toxic fire-fighting water. Use water moderately and if possible

collect or contain it.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including

respiratory protection.

#### 5.4 Additional information

Be Use water spray to cool unopened containers

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### 6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Gas-tight chemical suit. Corrosion-proof suit. Refer "Material-Handling" to

select protective clothing.

Emergency procedures : Keep upwind. Mark the danger area. Consider evacuation. Seal off low-lying

areas. Close doors and windows of adjacent premises. Stop nearby engines and no smoking. No naked flames or sparks. Use Spark- and explosion-proof

appliances and lighting equipment. Keep containers closed.

Wash contaminated clothes.

### For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures : Stop leak if safe to do so. Ventilate area.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent spreading in sewers, water bodies.





Supersedes: 26/08/2022 Revision: 1.3 Revision date: 12/12/2023

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Contain released substance, transfer (pump) into suitable containers. Use compatible material of containers. Try to reduce evaporation. Measure the concentration of the explosive gas-air mixture. Dilute combustible/toxic gases/vapours with water spray. Provide equipment/receptacles with earthing. Do not use compressed air for pumping over spills.

Methods for cleaning up

Take up liquid spill into inert absorbent material, e.g.: sand, earth, vermiculite, powdered limestone. Scoop absorbed substance into closing containers. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Take collected spill to manufacturer/ authorized disposal facility. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

No additional information available

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Comply with the legal requirements. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Clean contaminated clothing. Keep the substance free from contamination. Use corrosion proof equipment. Thoroughly clean/dry the installation before use. Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Do not use compressed air for pumping over. Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system.

Take precautions against electrostatic charges. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Keep container tightly closed.

Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Work under local exhaust/ventilation. Exhaust gas must be neutralised.

Hygiene measures

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or

smoking and when leaving work.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage temperature

: Keep tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Heat-ignition

: KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: heat sources. ignition sources.

Prohibitions on mixed storage

: KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: combustible materials. oxidizing agents.

(strong) bases. metals. alcohols. amines. water/moisture.

Storage area

: Store in a dry area. Ventilation at floor level. Keep out of direct sunlight. Fireproof storeroom. Keep locked up. Meet the legal requirements.

Special rules on packaging

: SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: closing. dry. clean. correctly labelled. meet the legal requirements. Secure fragile packaging's in solid containers.

### 7.3 Specific end uses

Part from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Crotonaldehyde (4170-30-3)

ACGIH : ACGIH TWA (ppm) 0.3 ppm (Time-weighted average

exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted

Value)

ACGIH : ACGIH STEL (ppm) No data available

OSHA : OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) 6 mg/m³





Supersedes: 26/08/2022 Revision: 1.3 Revision date: 12/12/2023

OSHA	:	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	2 ppm
IDLH	:	NIOSH IDLH (ppm)	50 ppm
NIOSH	:	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	6 mg/m³
NIOSH	:	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	2 ppm
NIOSH	:	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
NIOSH	:	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	2 ppm

## 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the

immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Material should be handled

safely.

Personal protective equipment :











Protective goggles. Gloves.

Protective clothing.

ce snield. Gas mask with filter<mark>.</mark>

Materials for protective clothing : GIVE EXCELLENT RESISTANCE: butyl rubber. polyethylene/ethylene vinyl

alcohol. viton. GIVE GOOD RESISTANCE: neoprene. GIVE LESS RESISTANCE: natural rubber. PVC. GIVE POOR RESISTANCE:

polyethylene. PVA.

Hand protection : Gloves.

Eye protection : Safety glasses.

Skin and body protection : Head/neck protection. Corrosion-proof clothing.

Respiratory protection : Wear gas mask with filter type A if conc. in air > exposure limit. High vapour/

gas concentration: self-contained respirator.

Thermal hazard protection : None.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Appearance : Liquid

Colour : Colorless to yellowish

Odour : Pungent, 0.135 ppm(Threshold limit)

pH : No Data Available

Melting point : -76 °C

Freezing point : No Data Available

Initial boiling point/boiling range : 101- 102 °C

Flash Point : 13 °C

Relative evaporation rate : No Data Available
Relative density : 0.853 g/cm³ (20 °C)

Relative vapour density at 20°C : 2.41

Specific gravity/ density : 0.853 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20 °C)

Molecular mass : 70.09 g/mol





Supersedes: 26/08/2022 Revision: 1.3 Revision date: 12/12/2023

Flammability(Solid, Gas) : No Data Available
Upper/lower flammability or Explosive limit : No Data Available

Solubility : 181 g/l Soluble in water

Vapor pressure : 30mmHg (25 °C)
Vapour density : No Data Available
Evaporation Rate : No Data Available

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water : 0.60 (Experimental value; 20 °C, n-octanol water)

Auto-ignition temperature : 165 °C

Decomposition temperature : No Data Available
Viscosity : No Data Available
Explosive Limits : No Data Available

#### 9.2 Other information

Surface Tension : No data available
Specific conductivity : No data available
VOC content : No data available

Other properties Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20°C. Clear. Hygroscopic. Volatile. Substance

has acid reaction.

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity : On heating: release of corrosive/combustible gases/vapours . Upon

combustion: CO and CO2 are formed. Violent to explosive reaction with many compounds e.g.: with (strong) oxidizers: (increased) risk of fire/explosion. Reacts violently with (some) bases. Reacts with (some) metals: release of

highly flammable gases/vapours.

10.2 Chemical Stability : No decomposition if used as directed. Stable under recommended storage

conditions.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : May form explosive peroxides | Polymerization can occur | Polymerization is

a highly exothermic reaction and may generate sufficient heat to cause

thermal decomposition and/or rupture containers.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : Source of ignition and static discharge. Extremely high or low temperatures.

Incompatible materials

10.5 Incompatible materials : May react violently with Oxygen, oxidizing agents, reducing agents, acids,

bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition

products

: Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure : Inhalation; Skin and eye contact

Acute toxicity : Slightly toxic. Refer Hazard statements Section 16

## Crotonaldehyde (4170-30-3)

LD50 oral toxicity : 174 mg/kg body weight (Rat )

LD50 dermal toxicity : 26 mg/kg body weight (guinea pig)

LC50 inhalation toxicity : 336 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure time: 4 h (Rat)

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.





Supersedes: 26/08/2022 Revision: 1.3 Revision date: 12/12/2023

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Non sensitizing

Germ cell mutagenicity : No data available.

In-vitro Mutagenicity : Ames Test: positive - with and without metabolic activation - Method: OECD

471 Cytogenicity Assay in Chinese hamster cells: positive - with and without

metabolic activation - Method: OECD 473

DNA Damage and Repair in hepatocytes: positive -without metabolic

activation - Method: OECD 487

In vitro Sister Chromatid Exchange Assay in Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO):

positive - with and without metabolic activation - Method: OECD 479\*\*\*

In vivo Mutagenicity : Sex-linked Recessive Lethal Test in Drosophila Melanogaster: negative and

positive results - Method: OECD 477

Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test in mice: negative - Method: OECD

474

Mammalian Bone Marrow Chromosome Aberration Test in mice: positive -

Method: OECD 475

Rodent Dominant Lethal test in mice: positive - Method: OECD 478

Mammalian Spermatogonial Chromosome Aberration Test in mice: positive -

Method: OECD 483

Carcinogenicity : IARC: 3 - Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (2-

Butenal)

Reproductive toxicity : No toxicological effects to fertility or offspring

Routes of exposure oral gavage\*\*\*

Species Rat

Method OECD 415

NOAEL 10 mg/kg body weight/day

Teratogenicity : No data available

Specific target organ toxicity (single

exposure)

: Inhalation - May cause respiratory irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated

exposure)

: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : No data available

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Ecology - general : Classified as dangerous for the environment

Ecology - air : Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009). Not included in the list of substances which may contribute to the

greenhouse effect (Regulation (EC) No 842/2006). TA-Luft Klasse 5.2.5/II.

Ecology – water : Very toxic to aquatic life

### Crotonaldehyde (4170-30-3)

	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to aquatic plants	Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates	Toxicity to Microorganisms
Species	Oncorhynchusmykiss (rainbow trout)	Pseudokirchneriellasubcapitata	Daphnia magna	Pseudomonas putida
Value	0.65 mg/l	< 0.881 mg/l	2 mg/l	10.4 mg/l
Exposure time	96 h	96h	48 h	16h





Supersedes: 26/08/2022 Revision: 1.3 Revision date: 12/12/2023

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability : Readily biodegradable in water. But failing in 10 day window.

12.3 Bio-accumulative potential

Bio-accumulative potential : Data not available

12.4 Mobility in soil

Ecology – soil : Data not available.

12.5 Other adverse effects

Very Toxic to aquatic life

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations

Remove and dispose waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Recommended practice of distillation, physicochemical/biological treatment and authorized waste incinerator for solvents with energy recovery. Do not discharge into drains or the environment.

## **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

#### Marine transport (IMDG)

UN number : 1143

Proper shipping name and description : Crotonaldehyde

Class : 6.1 Packaging group : I

Hazard Identification Number : 663 (ECHA)

EMS code : F-E, S-D

Marine pollutant : Yes

Air transport ICAO/IATA

UN number : 1143

Proper shipping name and description : Crotonaldehyde

Class : 6.1
Packaging group : I
Hazard Labels : 6.1, 3
Environmentally hazardous : Yes

IATA Passenger : Not permitted for passenger transport

IATA Cargo : Not permitted for Cargo transport

**Department of Transportation (DOT)** 

UN number : 1143

Proper shipping name and description : Crotonaldehyde

Class : 6.1 Packaging group : I

Reportable Quantity (RQ) : 100 lbs

Poison Inhalation Hazard : Yes





Supersedes: 26/08/2022 Revision: 1.3 Revision date: 12/12/2023

Hazard labels (DOT) :



3 - Flammable liquid





## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1 National regulations

Country	National Inventories	Listing
AUSTRALIA	AICS	Listed
CANADA	DSL	Listed
CHINA	IECSC	Listed
EUROPE	EC	Listed
JAPAN	ENCS	Listed
NEWZEALAND	NZIoC	Listed
PHILIPPINES	PICCS	Listed
SOUTH KOREA	KECI	Listed
TAIWAN	TCSI	Listed
USA	TSCA	Listed

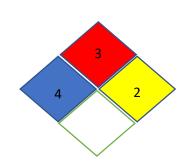
## **SECTION 16: Other information**

## 16.1 Hazard Statement

H225	:	Flammable liquid, Category 2
H301	:	Acute toxicity, Category 3, Oral
H310	:	Acute toxicity, Category 1, Dermal
H312	:	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	:	Skin irritation, Category 2
H318	:	Serious eye damage, Category 1
H330	:	Acute toxicity, Category 2, Inhalation
H335	:	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3
H341	:	Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 2
H373	:	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2
H400	:	Acute aquatic toxicity, Category 1
H410	:	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## 16.2 NFPA Rating

:







Supersedes: 26/08/2022 Revision: 1.3 Revision date: 12/12/2023

#### 16.3 Abbreviations and acronyms

: PBT =Persistent Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB= Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

SCBA= Self Contained Breathing Apparatus

NIOSH REL= National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Recommended Exposure Limit

OSHA PEL=Occupational Safety and Health Adminstration Permissible

**Exposure Limit** 

OELTWA= Occupational Exposure Limit Time Weighted Averages

IDLH= Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

UEL= Upper Explosive Limit

LEL= Lower Explosive Limit

RTECS= Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances

NTP=National Toxicology Programm

IARC= International Agency for Research on Cancer

EPA=Environmental Protection Agency

TSCA= Toxic Substances Control Act

NFPA= National Fire Protection Association

CSR=Chemical Safety Report

BCF = Bio Concentration Factor

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

TLV = Threshhold Limit Value

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienist

REACH = Registration, Evaluation .Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging

LD / LC = Lethal Doses / Lethal Concentration

GHS = Globally Harmonised System

ADR = Accord europeen relative au transport international de

marchandises

IMDG-Code = International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

EmS = Emergency measures on Sea

ICAO = International Civil Aviation Organization

IATA/DGR= International Air Transport Association/Dangerous Goods

Regulation

#### 16.4 Further information:

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