



Supersedes: 02/05/2022 Revision: 1.2 Revision date: 12/12/2023

#### **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1 Identification

 Product form
 : Substance

 Substance name
 : Acetic Acid

 CAS No
 : 64-19-7

 EC/ List No
 : 200-580-7

 Formula
 : C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>O<sub>2</sub>

 Molecular weight
 : 60.05 g/mol

Synonyms : Acetic acid, glacial / alcohol of vinegar / carboxylic acid C<sub>2</sub> / ethanoic

acid / ethylic acid / methane carboxylic acid / pyroligneous acid /

vinegar acid / Biobased Acetic Acid

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Chemical intermediate Solvent, Pharmaceutical

Agrochemical Food industry: additive

Laboratory chemical Photographic chemical

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Godavari Biorefineries Ltd. 45/47, Somaiya bhavan, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Mumbai -400001, INDIA.

T 0091 22 22048272 Email: <u>alka@somaiya.com</u> www.somaiya.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone Number

- 0091 2423 279308

Emergency number 0091 22 22048272 (Monday – Friday - 09.30 hrs to 18.00 hrs)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification**

### **GHS** classification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids Category 3 : H226 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B : H314

## 2.2: GHS labeling

## Hazard pictograms (GHS)





GHS02

GHS05

Signal word (GHS) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS)

H226 : Flammable liquid and vapor.
H290 : May be corrosive to metals.

H314 : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 : Causes serious eye damage.

H332 : Harmful if inhaled.

H412 : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.





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Precautionary Statement
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P210 : Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. - No smoking

P242 : Use only non-sparking tools

P260 : Do not breathe mist, vapors, spray

P280 : Wear protective clothing, protective gloves, eye protection, face

protection.

P303 + P361 + P353 : IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P403 + P235 : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

P405 : Store locked up

P501 : Dispose of contents/container to comply with local, state and federal

regulations

P301 + P330 + P331 : If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting.

P304 + P340 : If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air & keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 : In eyes: rinse cautiously with water for several minutes,

remove contact lenses, if present

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the

Classification

None.

#### 2.4 Unknown acute toxicity (GHS)

Not applicable.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substance: Mono-constituent

Name	Product identifier CAS No EC No Index No	Concentration %	GHS classification
Acetic Acid (Main constituent)	64-19-7 200-580-7 607-002-00-6	≥99.5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

#### 3.2 Mixture

Not applicable

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information : Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Give

psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on

the victim's condition: doctor/hospital.

Inhalation : Remove the victim into fresh air. Immediately consult a doctor/medical

service.

Skin contact : Wash immediately with lots of water (15 minutes)/shower. Do not apply

(chemical) neutralizing agents. Remove clothing while washing. Do not remove clothing if it sticks to the skin. Cover wounds with sterile bandage.

Consult a doctor/medical service.

Eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Do not apply

neutralizing agents. Take victim to an ophthalmologist.





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Ingestion

: Rinse mouth with water. Immediately after ingestion: give lots of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Do not give activated charcoal. Immediately consult a doctor/medical service. Ingestion of large quantities: immediately to hospital. Do not give chemical antidote. Doctor: gastric lavage is not

recommended.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : Irritation of the respiratory tract and nasal mucous membranes. Coughing.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Corrosion of the skin.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Corrosion of the eye tissue. Permanent eye damage.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Burns to the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Risk of aspiration pneumonia

Chronic symptoms : On continuous / repeated exposure: Red skin. Slight irritation.

Inflammation/damage of the eye tissue. Dry/sore throat. Possible

inflammation of the respiratory tract.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No Data Available.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Seek medical assistance.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Polyvalent foam. Alcohol-resistant foam. BC powder. Carbon

dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : No unsuitable extinguishing media known.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable liquid and vapour. : DIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Flammable. Gas/vapor flammable with air within

explosion limits. INDIRECT FIRE HAZARD. May be ignited by sparks.

Hazardous combustion products : DIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. Gas/vapour explosive with air within

explosion limits. INDIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. may be ignited by

sparks

Reactivity : On heating: release of corrosive/combustible gases/vapours (acetic acid

vapours). Upon combustion: CO and CO2 are formed. Violent to explosive

reaction with many compounds e.g.: with (strong) oxidizers:

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety location. Do

not move the load if exposed to heat. Dilute toxic gases with water spray. Take account of toxic fire-fighting water. Use water moderately and if

possible collect or contain it.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including

respiratory protection.

### 5.4 Additional information

No Data Available.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### 6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Gas-tight chemical suit. Corrosion-proof suit. Refer "Material-Handling" to

select protective clothing.





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Emergency procedures : Keep upwind. Mark the danger area. Consider evacuation. Seal off low-

lying areas. Close doors and windows of adjacent premises. Stop nearby engines and no smoking. No naked flames or sparks. Use Spark- and explosion-proof appliances and lighting equipment. Keep containers

closed.

Wash contaminated clothes.

6.1.2 For Emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures : Stop leak if safe to do so. Ventilate area.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent spreading in sewers, water bodies

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain released substance, transfer (pump) into suitable containers. Use compatible material of containers. Try to reduce evaporation. Measure the

concentration of the explosive gas-air mixture. Dilute combustible/toxic gases/vapours with water spray. Provide equipment/receptacles with

earthing. Do not use compressed air for pumping over spills.

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into inert absorbent material, e.g.: sand, earth,

vermiculite, powdered limestone. Scoop absorbed substance into closing containers. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Take collected spill to manufacturer/ authorized disposal facility. Wash clothing

and equipment after handling.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

No additional information available.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Hygiene measures

Precautions for safe handling : Comply with the legal requirements. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Clean contaminated clothing. Keep the substance free from

contaminated clothing. Keep the substance free from contamination. Use corrosion proof equipment. Thoroughly clean/dry the installation before use. Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Do not use compressed air for pumping over. Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and

lighting system.

Take precautions against electrostatic charges. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Keep container tightly closed.

Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Work under local

exhaust/ventilation. Exhaust gas must be neutralised.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap

and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage temperature : > 17 °C

Heat-ignition : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: heat sources. ignition sources.

Prohibitions on mixed storage : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: combustible materials. oxidizing agents.

(strong) bases. metals. alcohols. amines. water/moisture.

Storage area : Store in a dry area. Ventilation at floor level. Keep out of direct sunlight.

Fireproof storeroom. Keep locked up. Meet the legal requirements.

Special rules on packaging : SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: closing. dry. clean. correctly labelled. meet the

legal requirements. Secure fragile packagings in solid containers.





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Packaging materials : SUITABLE MATERIAL: aluminium. glass. MATERIAL TO AVOID: steel. iron.

zinc. lead. copper. bronze.

#### 7.3 Specific end uses

Part from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### 8.1.1 Occupational exposure limits:

#### **Acetic Acid (64-19-7)**

ACGIH : ACGIH TWA (ppm) 10 ppm (Acetic acid; USA; Time-weighted

average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)

ACGIH : ACGIH STEL (ppm) 15 ppm (Acetic acid; USA; Short time value;

TLV - Adopted Value)

25 mg/m<sup>3</sup> **OSHA** OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m<sup>3</sup>) **OSHA** OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) 10 ppm IDLH US IDLH (ppm) 50 ppm NIOSH NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m3) 25 mg/m<sup>3</sup> NIOSH NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm) 10 ppm NIOSH NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³) 37 mg/m<sup>3</sup> NIOSH NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm) 15 ppm

## 8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls : Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Material should be

handled safely.

Personal protective equipment











Protective goggles. Gloves. Protective clothing. Face shield. Gas mask with

Materials for protective clothing : GIVE EXCELLENT RESISTANCE: butyl rubber. polyethylene/ethylene vinyl alcohol. viton. GIVE GOOD RESISTANCE: neoprene. GIVE LESS RESISTANCE: natural rubber. PVC. GIVE POOR RESISTANCE:

polyethylene. PVA.

Hand protection : Gloves.

Eye protection : Safety glasses.

Skin and body protection : Head/neck protection. Corrosion-proof clothing.

Respiratory protection : Wear gas mask with filter type A if conc. in air > exposure limit. High

vapour/ gas concentration: self-contained respirator.

Thermal hazard protection : None.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

Appearance : Liquid

Colour : Colourless





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Odour : Irritating/pungent odour

pH : 2.4 (6 %)
Melting point : 16.64 °C

Freezing point : No Data Available

Initial boiling point/boiling range : 117.9 °C

Flash Point : 39 °C (Closed cup)

Relative evaporation rate : No Data Available

Relative density : 1.0496 (27 °C)

Relative vapour density at 20°C : 2.1

Specific gravity/ density : 1049 kg/m³

Molecular mass : 60.05 g/mol

Flammability(Solid, Gas) : No Data Available

Upper/lower flammability or Explosive limit : 4 – 19.9 vol %

Solubility : Soluble in water, ethanol, ether, acetone and glycerol.

Vapor pressure : No Data Available
Vapour density : No Data Available
Evaporation Rate : No Data Available

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water : -0.17 (Experimental value; 20 °C, n-octanol water)

Auto-ignition temperature : 463 °C

Decomposition temperature : No Data Available

Viscosity : 1.168 cSt(Kinematic), 1.056 mPa (25°C)(Dynamic)

Oxidizing properties : No Data Available

## 9.2 Other information

No data available.

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity : On heating: release of corrosive/combustible gases/vapours (acetic acid vapours). Upon combustion: CO and CO2 are formed. Violent to explosive

reaction with many compounds e.g.: with (strong) oxidizers: (increased) risk of fire/explosion. Reacts violently with (some) bases. Reacts with (some)

metals: release of highly flammable gases/vapours (hydrogen).

10.2 Chemical Stability : Hygroscopic.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Reacts violently with (some) bases: release of heat.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : Extremely high or low temperatures. Incompatible materials.

10.5 Incompatible materials : May react violently with alkalis. May react with bases, copper, silver,

mercury, magnesium, zinc and their alloys.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition

products

: Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.





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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure : Inhalation; Skin and eye contact

Acute toxicity : Not classified

**Acetic Acid (64-19-7)** 

LD50 oral toxicity : 3310 mg/kg body weight (Rat )

LD50 dermal toxicity : 1120 mg/kg body weight (Rabbit)

LC50 inhalation toxicity : > 16000ppm, equivalent to > 40 mg/L

Exposure time: 4 h (Rat)

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. pH: 2.4 (6 %)

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : pH: 2.4 (6 %)

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (single

exposure)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated

exposure)

Not classified

Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Ecology – general : Not classified as dangerous for the environment according to the criteria of

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Ecology – air : Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No

1005/2009). Not included in the list of substances which may contribute to the greenhouse effect (Regulation (EC) No 842/2006). TA-Luft Klasse

5.2.5/II.

Ecology – water : Slightly harmful to fishes and invertebrates (Daphnia). Not harmful to

algae

Acetic Acid (64-19-7)					
		Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates	Toxicity to Microorganisms	
Species	:	Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)	Daphnia magna	Pseudomonas putida	
Value	:	>300.82 mg/l	>300.82 mg/l	850mg/l	
Exposure time	:	96 h	48 h	16h	





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### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Acetic Acid (64-19-7)

Persistence and degradability : Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Highly mobile in soil.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

#### **Acetic Acid (64-19-7)**

BCF fish 1	:	3.16 (BCF; Pisces)
Log Pow	:	-0.17 (Experimental value; 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	:	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

#### **Acetic Acid (64-19-7)**

Surface tension	:	0.028 N/m (20 °C)	
Log Koc	:	log Koc,0.06; QSAR	
Ecology - soil	:	May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.	

No data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Remove and dispose waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. - Recommended practice of distillation, physico-

regulations.- Recommended practice of distillation, physico-chemical/biological treatment and authorized waste incinerator for solvents with energy recovery. Do not discharge into drains or the environment.

### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### Marine transport (IMDG)

UN 2789 **UN** number Proper shipping name and description Acetic Acid Chemical name Acetic Acid Class 8 (3) Packaging group Ш Hazard Identification Number 8, 3 EmS code F-E, S-C Marine pollutant No

### Air transport ICAO/IATA

UN number : UN 2789
Proper shipping name and description : Acetic Acid
Chemical name : Acetic Acid
Class : 8 (3)
Packaging group : II





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Hazard Labels : Corrosive and Flammable liquid

Environmentally hazardous : No

**Department of Transportation (DOT)** 

UN number : UN 2789

Proper shipping name : Acetic Acid with more than 80 percent acid, by mass

Transport hazard class : 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136

Packing group : II - Medium Danger

Reportable Quantity (RQ) : 1000 lbs

Poison Inhalation hazard : No

Hazard labels :





3 - Flammable liquid

8 - Corrosive

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1 National regulations

Country	National Inventories	Listing
AUSTRALIA	AICS	Listed
CANADA	DSL	Listed
CHINA	IECSC	Listed
EUROPE	EC	Listed
JAPAN	ENCS	Listed
NEWZEALAND	NZIoC	Listed
PHILIPPINES	PICCS	Listed
SOUTH KOREA	KECI	Listed
TAIWAN	TCSI	Listed
USA	TSCA	Listed

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

## 16.1 Hazard Statement

H226 : Flammable liquid and vapor.H290 : May be corrosive to metals.

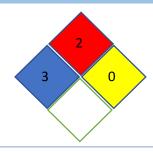
H314 : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 : Causes serious eye damage.

H332 : Harmful if inhaled.

H412 : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## 16.2 NFPA Rating







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### 16.3 Abbreviations and acronyms

: PBT =Persistent Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB= Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

SCBA= Self Contained Breathing Apparatus

NIOSH REL= National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Recommended Exposure Limit

OSHA PEL=Occupational Safety and Health Adminstration Permissible

Exposure Limit

OELTWA= Occupational Exposure Limit Time Weighted Averages

IDLH= Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

UEL= Upper Explosive Limit

LEL= Lower Explosive Limit

RTECS= Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances

NTP=National Toxicology Programm

IARC= International Agency for Research on Cancer

EPA=Environmental Protection Agency

TSCA= Toxic Substances Control Act

NFPA= National Fire Protection Association

CSR=Chemical Safety Report

BCF = Bio Concentration Factor

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

TLV = Threshhold Limit Value

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienist

REACH = Registration, Evaluation .Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging

LD / LC = Lethal Doses / Lethal Concentration

GHS = Globally Harmonised System

ADR = Accord europeen relative au transport international de

marchandises

IMDG-Code = International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

EmS = Emergency measures on Sea

ICAO = International Civil Aviation Organization

IATA/DGR= International Air Transport Association/Dangerous Goods

Regulation

## 16.4 Further information:

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